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# **Korean Affairs Report**

**No. 106**



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## INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

### 'PYONGYANG RADIO' VERSION OF KIM IL COMMENT ON REUNIFICATION

SK291057 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 28 Sep 80

[Text] Comrade Kim Il, member of the political committee of the Central Committee of the KWP, vice president of the DPRK and chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland, exchanged opinions with Choe Hong-hui, former commander of the 6th Army Corps of the South Korean Army, first ambassador of South Korea to Malaysia, publisher of PAEDAL SINBO and chairman of the International Taekwondo Federation, in Pyongyang on 27 and 28 September.

Comrade Kim Il sent letters to Choe Hong-hui and other figures overseas on 15 January, proposing they meet him in person and exchange heart-to-heart opinions to open the door for dialog and reunification. This is how his meeting with Choe was arranged to exchange opinions, taking advantage of the latter's visit to the fatherland. On hand at the meeting were Vice Premier Chong Chun-ki; Ho Chong-suk, director of the secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; and Hong Ki-mun, vice chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland.

Comrade Kim Il and Choe Hong-hui exchanged candid opinions on the question of the country's reunification. Comrade Kim Il spoke first. Saying that putting an end to the tragic national division and achieving national reunification is the utmost national task which should not be put off any longer, he added: The historic cause of the fatherland's reunification is not achieved, any communist or any nationalist in Korea cannot say that he has executed his duties and responsibilities toward the country and the nation. The respected and beloved leader met a ranking South Korean official in 1972 and set forth the three principles for the fatherland's reunification: independence, peaceful reunification and national unity.

Expressing his conviction that if the reunification question is discussed based on the three principles for the fatherland's reunification, the country's reunification--the cherished desire of the entire nation--can be achieved, Comrade Kim Il said: There may be various ways to realize

national reunification. The most ideal way is to set up a united central government by holding general democratic elections in the north and the south after forcing all foreign troops out of the country. As the South Korean rulers oppose this, it is difficult to hold general elections right now. But we cannot merely wait till the establishment of a united central government.

We consider that under the conditions where there are differences in ideology and system, a most realistic and reasonable way to achieve initial reunification is by forming what we call a north-south confederation, while putting off the unification of systems for the time being.

The north-south confederation means forming a confederal body with representatives of the north and the south to deal with diplomatic and defense affairs in a uniform way and solving problems of common concern for the nation, while leaving the two systems as they are and maintaining independent activities of the north and the south.

Institution of the north-south confederation will make it possible to alleviate the sufferings of the nation caused by the division, achieve a uniform development of the country and, furthermore, open a favorable phase for the peaceful reunification of the country.

As to what system should be applied to the United Korea after our country is completely reunified, we feel that this can be solved by allowing the people to make a choice based on their experiences with the confederation.

Noting that no matter when and how the reunification of the country is realized, the entire nation should achieve unity if it is to successfully achieve the cause of reunification, he said: Under the conditions where there are differences in ideology and system, national unity should be achieved based only on the national idea. As for ourselves, we put the national idea and interests ahead of the communist idea on the road of realizing our ideal, treasuring the former more than the latter.

Our efforts for building communism boil down to making our Korea wealthy and prosperous and making all our Korean people rich.

We think we should not ask about the past doings of those who come out for reunification. No matter what road they took in the past, if they now set out on the road of patriotism, the road of reunification, we should join hands with them and advance with them in the same ranks. In this respect, we have had a good record of collaboration with democratic figures such as Kim Ku, Kim Kyu-sik and Yo Un-hyong soon after the nation's liberation.

Saying that anticommunism is the road to division and that association with communism [yongong] is the road to reunification, he stated that one who cares about the country and the nation and desires reunification should promote association with communism which is for reunification, not anti-communism which is for division.



He noted that if reunification of the country is successfully achieved, the will of the nation should be demonstrated on a wide scale and, for this, democracy should be guaranteed.

He said that as Choe Hong-hui knows well, a fascist rule which goes against reunification is being enforced in South Korea and that the Chon Tu-hwan group which seized power after the death of Pak Chong-hui has revived the Yusin system, has purged all groups of adversaries and is ruthlessly suppressing patriotic democratic forces.

He continued: the group has eliminated almost all of the personages to whom we sent letters in January proposing multilateral contacts with us. Kim Tae-chung has been sentenced to death by a military court. Yun Po-son and Ham Sok-hon received prison terms and even Kim Yong-sam and Kim Chong-pil have been booted out of political circles. This vividly shows that the fascist Chon Tu-hwan group has no intention to hold a dialog with us and work for reunification.

Under conditions in which the Chon Tu-hwan group suppresses democratic forces and those who call for reunification, a great hurdle blocks the road to reunification of the country.

Therefore, to achieve national unity and advance the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland, compatriots at home and abroad who care about the future of the country and the nation should wage a widespread struggle to bring down the Chon Tu-hwan group and achieve democratization.

The very one wrecking the great unity of our nation and obstructing reunification of the country is none other than the United States.

As the United States keeps its troops in South Korea and interferes in the internal affairs of our country, neither democratization nor national unity have been achieved in South Korea.

The United States repeats the claim that it keeps its troops in South Korea to prevent an invasion from the north--a claim no one buys.

If we had intended to invade the south, we could have taken military actions against South Korea, taking advantage of the disorder that prevailed there last year after the death of Pak Chong-hui. However, at that time we proposed to hold a dialog with South Korea, did not take military action against it, and in fact held the dialog.

To justify the stationing of its troops in South Korea, the United States has in recent years devised the new excuse that we are reinforcing the army. As some 6.6 million students--more than half the population--are studying in schools at every level and we are engaged in peaceful construction on a massive scale in the northern half of our republic, we have to direct major efforts to this end. Therefore, how can we spare manpower to reinforce the army?

Speaking of arms buildup and military equilibrium, it is we who should discuss this. South Korea has 35 million people, more than double our population, and its regular army enjoys a numerical superiority over ours. In addition, there are 43,000 U.S. troops armed with even nuclear weapons stationed there, confronting us. Nevertheless, the United States clamors about the threat of invasion from the north and the disruption of military equilibrium. This is merely an excuse to instigate the fascist military regime in South Korea and justify its occupation of South Korea.

If ever the United States thinks that it can rule the people by instigating the fascist military group, this is a gross miscalculation. Since the Kwangju incident, anti-U.S. sentiments are rapidly rising in South Korea. At this time we think that we should incite compatriots at home and abroad to promote the anti-U.S. patriotic movement to get U.S. troops pulled out of South Korea. If the U.S. troops are withdrawn from South Korea, we think our nation can achieve reunification of the country through united efforts.

In order to achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, all patriotic figures and responsible politicians at home and abroad who take to heart the destinies of the country and the nation should gather at one place and hold negotiations on measures for national salvation.

It is a good starting point that Choe Hong-hui is visiting the fatherland and meeting with us. We think we should further expand the scope of such exchanges of opinions.

I support Choe Hong-hui's desire and activities to make contributions to the cause of the reunification of the country--to which the entire nation aspires--through Taekwondo, evaluating them as a noble manifestation of patriotism.

In conclusion, he said that the exchange of opinions with Choe Hong-hui was beneficial to deepening mutual understanding and trust, promoting national unity and achieving the cause of the reunification of the country. He also said that it is necessary to continuously maintain a multilaterally develop relations with Choe Hong-hui in the future, too.

Choe Hong-hui spoke next.

Noting that 35 years have passed since our country was artificially divided, he said: We have misgivings about the fact that the 35 years of national division, which came on the heels of 36 years of slavery to the Japanese, have caused our national spirit to go down the drain in the south.

We think that to achieve reunification of the fatherland, the utmost goal of the nation, we should first of all meet each other and carry out dialog. When we have dialog we can promote mutual understanding and solve problems.

I was very happy to be one of those living overseas to whom you extended an invitation in January. My visit to the fatherland and this meeting give me a sense of honor and a sense of heavy responsibility as well. I think that the aspirations of compatriots at home and abroad for the reunification of the fatherland should be materialized by continuing and expanding such contacts.

The problem on which we should lay the greatest emphasis in achieving reunification is to oust outside forces. Considering the rising voices of democratic figures abroad and in South Korea as well who demand the withdrawal of U.S. troops in the wake of the atrocities committed by Chon Tu-wan recently, I suspect this is a sign indicating the reunification of our country. National reunification is not an affair of any specific individual person but an undertaking of the whole nation. Therefore, I am willing to participate in a dialog with an open heart.

Back in 1975 I appealed to the United States. At that time I said that I would give advice to the United States if it says that its love for our country prompts it to extend us aid. I asked the United States to cut any form of aid to South Korea, pull its troops out of there if it loves our country and cares about South Korea. On many other occasions when I met Americans since then, I asked them to please get out of South Korea. I also used to ask my Taekwondo pupils something to the effect: Why do you put your hands into another country? Why do you occupy our country which did not lose a war? Why should our country remain divided and not Japan which was defeated in war? Is this not unjust?

Things of one's own doing last long while things done with the help of others are likely to be taken away by others. Foreigners will not help us. Nor will they reunify the country. Even if they do, I think this is a shame, not a thing to rejoice over. We think that reunification achieved through the unity of the people, by ourselves, without a war over differences of ideology and ideals is a true reunification.

As Vice President Kim Il has just said, if democratic general elections are held now and a majority vote for communism, then it is communism no matter how much we say we dislike it. If a majority is for something else, won't it be a system of another ideology? I think this cannot become a problem at all and this does not mean that one side eats away the other or is eaten by the other. In other words, as this is a family business, who is doing the eating?

There is a shade of pessimism in my mind that under the circumstances where the South Korean murderous group engages in war rackets, doing what it pleases to seize power, general elections will be hard to achieve for the time being.

I think at present it may be a way of opening a phase on the road to reunification for us to form a single state externally and deal with diplomatic,

military, political and other affairs, while leaving the two systems as they are for the time being, visiting each other and choosing what we think good.

In this sense, I fully approve the proposal on instituting a north-south confederation.

In connection with Choe Hong-hui's remarks, Comrade Kim Il once again expressed support to this effort for reunification, saying that he is pleased to find that he shares a common stand on reunification with us.

Comrade Kim Il said that as there is a common stand on reunification, what is important now is practice and called for paving a road to reunification with united efforts.

Mr Choe Hong-hui said that he was happy to see that the desire and stand of overseas personages for reunification are concordant with the stand of responsible politicians and figures in the homeland. He stated: Having been convinced through my visit to North Korea that anything can be done where there is a will, I will devote myself to the reunification of the country.

Sharing the view that meeting and talking with each other is conducive to promoting understanding and trust and is very beneficial to precipitating the cause of reunification, Comrade Kim Il and Mr Choe Hong-hui expressed the hope that more personages at home and abroad will meet and exchange opinions with one another.

The exchange of opinions proceeded, from start to end, in an atmosphere overflowing with warm fraternity.

After the exchange of opinions, Comrade Kim Il arranged a luncheon for Mr Choe Hong-hui.

CSO: 4108

BRIEFS

'SONYON' TRACTORS AS GIFT--Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--The school children and youth throughout the country presented 1,000 tractors named "Sonyon." A gift of loyalty, to the sixth congress of the Workers Party of Korea. "Sonyon" tractors presented following the presentation of the 20,000-ton cargo ship "Changjaean Chongnyonho" some time ago as a gift to the party congress are a proud fruition of the ardent loyalty of our school children and youth to meet the sixth congress of the party most grandly. To prepare this gift, the school children and youth throughout the country vigorously waged the "do-good-things-movement" after school to raise funds needed to manufacture 1,000 tractors. The workers of the Kumsong Tractor Plant who undertook the production of the tractors set up a new record in the production of the "Sonyon" tractors, giving full play to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance so as to manufacture 1,000 tractors in a brief time. On September 27, a meeting was held at the Kumsong Tractor Plant to convey the thanks of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea to the workers of the plant and present the "Sonyon" tractors to the party congress. (Text) [SK011045 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1027 GMT 1 Oct 80]

CSO: 4120

INNOVATIONS MARKED AS PARTY CONGRESS OPENING NEARS

SKJ71605 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1548 GMT 27 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 27 (KCNA)--The "100-day battle" of the Korean working people to make the 6th Congress of the party a grand festival of victory rose in highest upsurge with the congress just at hand.

In the fierce flames of this battle the nation's gross industrial output in July increased by 41 percent and in August by 43 percent above the same months of last year, the plan of gross industrial output in terms of value envisaged in the "100-day battle" was carried out at 103 percent in July and at 113 percent in August.

New records have been set in the production of major industrial goods such as power, iron ore, pig iron, rolled steel, cement, magnesia clinker, chemical fibre, spun yarn, fabrics and shoes.

Seven hundred twenty-six factories and enterprises fulfilled their assignments of the "100-day battle" by the end of August, taking the country as a whole, and their number is daily increasing in September.

This has opened up the possibility of carrying out the national economic plan for this year far ahead of schedule and successfully occupying the heights of the second seven-year plan.

Through this vigorous drive of the working people, the building of the modern Mirim sluice gate, the second-stage project of the Ponghwa Chemical Factory and the electrification project of the Kwon-Pongsan railway line 320 kilometres long linking the eastern and western regions of the country have been completed and the Taean Heavy Machine Combine was commissioned. They are all loyal gifts to the party congress.

A 20,000-ton cargo ship has been launched and a modern large electric locomotive and passenger car, a tractor of new type, modern machines and equipment of high efficiency, a new coal-cutter, high-speed drills and other mining equipment, a universal excavator, a special welder and other building equipment have been made as gifts to the party congress.

The agricultural working people have prepared an unusual bumper crop.



DPRK COUNTRYSIDE MADE RAPID PROGRESS

AK261539 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1519 GMT 26 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--Agriculture has made rapid development in the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

In the past decade since the Fifth Congress of the Workers Party of Korea Korea's agriculture has created a high tempo of growth ever known in the world history of agriculture.

A 2-3 percent increase of grain output a year is generally regarded as a big success. But, our country registered an annual growth of over 30 percent in the 1970s. As a result, the 7 million-ton target of grain production envisaged in the six-year plan put forward at the Fifth Congress of the party was hit in 1974, two years ahead of schedule.

Subsequently, our country attained the over 8 million-ton target of grain production in 1976 and the 8.5 million-ton target in 1977.

The catastrophic influence of the cold front sweeping all the continents and regions of the world reached our country, too, an unprecedented heat and cold waves threatened our agricultural production.

But last year Korea successfully hit the 9 million-ton target of grain by vigorously pushing ahead with the rural technical revolution whose content is irrigation, electrification, mechanization and chemicalisation advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-sung and placing farming on a scientific and technical basis as required by the chuche-based farming method.

This figure is over two million tons greater than the total grain output of the North and South of Korea at the time of the Japanese imperialist colonial rule before liberation.

Farming is very successful this year, too. Throughout the country, there is every indication that the 9.5 million-ton target of this year will be hit with flying colors.

A big stride forward has been made in carrying out the industrialisation and modernisation of agriculture.

Our country has already completed irrigation and electrification in the countryside and reached the level of developed countries in the comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization of agriculture.

Our powerful industry satisfactorily ensures modern farm machines, chemical fertilizers and agricultural medicines needed for the comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization of agriculture.

The number of tractors per 100 hectares of arable land reached 6 in the plain area and 2 in in-between and mountain areas already in 1977. Since then a great number of tractors and other farm machines have been sent to the countryside.

Farming is done with ease on many cooperative farms including the Migok Cooperative Farm in Sariwon and on the Chongsan Cooperative Farm in Taean which have 8-10 tractors per 100 hectares of farmland and a large number of rice transplanting and harvesting machines and other modern farm machines.

The application of chemical fertilizers per hectare surpassed 1.5 tons in 1974, every year a large amount of agricultural chemicals and herbicides are supplied to the countryside.

Thus, an era of mechanised farming, chemicalised farming in which farming is done by machines and weeding by chemicals has been ushered in in our countryside.

The task of rapidly eliminating the difference between the workers and farmers in the living standards and between the urban and rural dwellers in the living conditions, put forward at the Fifth Congress of the party is being successfully carried out, with the result that a big change has taken place in the lives of the farmers.

Their living standards have surpassed by far those of the well-to-do middle peasants of the past.

There is no great difference between the rural and urban dwellers in the living conditions.

It was years ago that bus services opened in the Rural Ri and water was laid on in the rural villages and rural clinics turned into hospitals.

In all rural villages where handsome modern dwelling houses are standing in rows there are halls of culture, with the covering of the whole country with the television network, farmers even in the mountain villages in the northern tip of the country see on the TV screen what is happening in all parts of the country.

Our countryside once under the reign of poverty has today turned into a modern socialist countryside where the happiness of the people is in full bloom.



'KCNA' VIEWS DPRK POWER INDUSTRY

SK251034 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1019 GMT 25 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 25 (KCNA)--September 24 is the day of electricity in the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

The working people in the domain of power industry significantly marked their red-letter day by sending more electricity to various fields of the national economy where the vigorous "100-day battle" is going on with the approach of the sixth congress of the Workers Party of Korea.

The power workers who fulfilled the August production plan at 103.7 percent are sharply boosting production in September, too.

The power industry of our country has made dazzling successes under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Korea's power industry has developed into a reliable industry by proportionately combining hydro and thermal power.

Large hydraulic and thermal power stations and small and medium hydro and factory thermal power stations relying on the rich hydraulic resources and coal have been built in all parts of the country.

As a result, the daily growing demand of the national economy for power is fully met.

During the past Six-Year Plan period (1971-1976) alone, the Unggi and Chongchongang thermal power stations were newly commissioned and the Pukchang Thermal Power Station was expanded into a big power base.

The Sodumu Power Stations Nos. 1 and 2 and factory thermal power stations and small- and medium-sized hydro power stations were built on an extensive scale.

The power output of the country reached 28,000 million kwh already in 1975.

It continuously increased in the period of the second Seven-Year Plan, especially, it increased 10 percent in 1978 as against the previous year and again grew 14 percent in 1979 compared with 1978.

Already in 1970 our country reached the level of developed industrial countries in per capita power output.

Now thermal power accounts for more than a half of the total generating capacity of the country.

The medium and small power stations set up in various places of the country are used as the source of heat for rural villages and are making a positive contribution to the development of local industry.

The state annually increases investments in this domain for the development of power industry.

This year 2.3 times as much fund as last year was allocated to the domain.

The construction of dams and hydropower stations on the rivers is going in full swing in our country on a large scale in accordance with the policy put forward at the 19th plenary meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea held in December last year.

According to date compiled, 37 more projects than envisaged for this year were started throughout the country and 17 of them have already been finished to turn out electricity.

The working people in the field of power industry are making vigorous endeavours to hit the target of raising the annual power output to 56,000-60,000 million kwh envisaged in the second seven-year plan.

CSO: 4120

DPRK'S CHUNGHWA COUNTY INCREASES LIGHT INDUSTRY OUTPUT

SK012306 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1513 GMT 1 Oct 80

[Text] Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--Local industry has made a rapid development in Chunghwa county adjacent to Pyongyang, like in all other counties of the country.

All the local industrial factories of the county producing ironware and woodenware for daily use, foodstuffs, fabrics, clothes, building materials, medicines and so on have been firmly built up into modern bases for the production of mass consumption goods to fully meet the growing demand of the county's population for consumer goods.

Over the past ten years the county has been additionally supplied with more than 900 modern machines including machine-tools to markedly expand the production scale of its local industrial factories and raise their level of technical equipment.

In this period the county's gross value of local industrial output has grown more than 2.6 times, of which the production of clothes increased 3.6 times, foodstuffs 3 times and goods for daily use 2.8 times.

In particular, a modern cooking oil production base has been built, with the result that cooking oil is regularly supplied without interruption to the people in the county, while sending every year a large amount of oil to other areas.

The expansion project of a textile mill specialised in the production of lining cloth is now progressing at the final stage in the county, when completed, the mill will produce and send lining cloth to the clothing factories in Pyongyang.

The last decade has witnessed a radical change in the local industry of Korea.

Every county has reliable raw material bases and every province has local industrial factories specialized in producing such basic chemicals as sodium carbonate, caustic soda and hydrochloric acid.

The local industrial factories have built solid material production bases and are fully provided with conditions to secure raw materials.

In this period the number of the country's local industrial factories has more than doubled and they have further consolidated the material and technical foundations, supplied with more than 185,000 modern machines including machine-tools.

The assortment and quantity of products have also increased more than two times.

Along with the modernisation of the local industrial factories and the growth of their production capacity, the local industry has turned into a comprehensive base for the production of consumer goods with each county as a unit to satisfy the demand of its population for mass consumption goods.

CSO: 4120

DPRK LEADERS ATTEND TAEAN HEAVY MACHINE PLANT COMMISSIONING

SK261054 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1048 GMT 26 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--The Tae'an Heavy Machine Combine, built on the River Taedong-Gang as a grand monumental creation in the era of chuche, has been commissioned.

Built as a gift to the sixth congress of the Workers Party of Korea to open in October, the combine is a comprehensive production base of heavy machines, all of whose production processes from the production of materials to the finishing of products are mechanised and automated.

The combine which can boast of its scale and production capacity, modern level of the equipment and industrial sanitary conditions, is of weighty significance in realizing the chuche-orientation, modernisation and scientific of the national economy and fulfilling the second seven-year plan ahead of schedule.

It will produce large generating equipment, boiling, rolling and mining equipment and whole sets of large machines needed for chemical, building-materials and ship-building industries, etc.

The builders of the combine have completed the vast construction project in a brief period by creating the "Tae'an speed," a new chollima speed.

The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea sent a congratulatory message to the builders and helpers who performed feats of labour in building the Tae'an Heavy Machine Combine.

A ceremony for commissioning the combine was held on September 25 on the spot.

Present at the ceremony were Comrades Yi Chong-ok, Yi Kun-mo, Choe Chae-u and Hong Si-hak, and personages concerned and functionaries of the local party and power bodies and the builders and employees of the Tae'an Heavy Machine Combine.

'KCNA' REPORTS ON DPRK SHIPBUILDING INDUSTRY

SK021023 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1014 GMT 2 Oct 80

[Text] Pyongyang October 2 (KCNA)--The Chongjin and Wonsan shipyards respectively built and launched the 14,000 ton cargo ship "Pegaebong" and processing base-ship "Yongnamsan."

All the navigation and power equipment and facilities for salting, processing and freezing fish of "Yongnamsan" built at the Wonsan shipyard were mechanized, automated and telemechanized.

This shipyard which built its first iron-clad ship in 1949 has so far built thousands of big and small ships to make a big contribution to the development of the country's fishing industry and marine transport.

This year our shipyards have built 20,000 ton and 14,000 ton cargo ships, crane ships and many other ships.

Our shipbuilding industry which began independent development after liberation built 500 ton iron-clad and 850 ton steel-clad ships and many other ships and constructed shipway to build 1,000 iron and steel ships in 1949.

Many large-size ships up to 5,000 ton class were built during the seven-year plan period when socialist industrialization was realised.

As a result, the number of freighters doubled and the qualitative composition of fishing boats was improved.

The six-year plan period (1971-76) witnessed the rapid progress of our shipbuilding industry.

In this period the country's shipbuilding grew 4 times and the building of 15,000-20,000 ton ships and other large-size ships rapidly increased.

The fishery domain was replenished with 3,750 ton stern trawlers, 5,000 ton refrigerator-transporters, over 10,000 ton processing base-ships and other big modern fishing boats to boost the horsepower per ship 1.5 times.

Our shipbuilding industry, making progress with our designing, technique, equipment and materials, will build 50,000 ton, 100,000 ton cargo ships, 20,000 ton processing base-ships and refrigerator-transport and self-propelled dredgers, large-size crane ships and various other technical ships in large number during the second seven-year plan period (1978-1984).

CSO: 4120

DPRK WORKERS COMPLETE CHONGSAN RESERVOIR PROJECT

SK302337 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1541 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--The Chongsan Reservoir, another large-scale one, has taken shape in the Kiyang Irrigation District on the West Coast of our country.

With its construction many existing reservoirs of medium and small scale have become useless to offer tens of hectares of new land. Moreover, the problem of water has been completely solved in the vast area of the Kiyang Irrigation District and nearby tideland upturned into paddies.

The builders of the reservoir and their helpers, upholding the far-reaching plan of gigantic nature-remaking of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, completed the project one year and five months ahead of the original plan by undertaking the work in a big way.

The ceremony for the completion of the reservoir, which has been built as a loyal gift of labour to the historic Sixth Congress of the Workers Party of Korea, was held on September 28.

Our country with its developed irrigation system has about 1,500 reservoirs, big and small, including the Unpa, Yonpung and Manpung lakes, from which stretch far more than 40,000 kilometres of irrigation channels.

The reservoirs form a rotatory system, giving and taking water to and from each other and pumping it back to the reservoirs after its use.

With a vigorous drive waged to use the underground water in recent years, not only water on the ground but also underground water is used comprehensively in our country.

The Chongsan Reservoir just completed will greatly contribute to further consolidating the successes of irrigation and reaping a high and stable harvest every year, overcoming the influence of the cold front.



BRIEFS

LOCAL INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT--Pyongyang September 19--The local industrial workers and technicians in South Pyongan Province are effecting great innovations in the production of mass consumption goods through their energetic "100-day battle." In July and August, the first two months of the "100-day battle," the output of consumer goods rose 60 percent and their variety expanded 30 percent as against the results of the same period last year in the province. In this course, tens of local industrial factories hit their yearly targets. On the threshold of the sixth congress of the Workers Party of Korea, the local industrial factories in the province are turning out in large quantities manufactured goods of wide variety such as good-quality textiles, shoes, general merchandise, TV sets, clocks and high-grade furniture as well as highly nutritious processed food. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1509 GMT 16 Sep 80 SK]

CHAGANGSAMGANG--UNPONG LINE--Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--The construction of a railway line between Chagangsamgang and Unpong has been completed. Youth shock brigade members and builders achieved the proud success of completing in only 8 months this project, which had been regarded to take three years. The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea sent a congratulatory message to the Youth Shock Brigade members and the entire builders who have successfully carried out the project. A ceremony for opening the new railway to traffic was held at Unpong Railway Station on September 25. Present at the ceremony were Vice-Premier Kang Song-san and personages concerned and the Youth Shock Brigade members and builders. [Text] [SK260812 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0808 GMT 26 Sep 80]

LEADERS ATTENDING SHIP LAUNCHING--Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)--The Chongjin shipyard on the east coast of our country has built a 14,000-ton cargo ship "Pegaebong" as a gift to the sixth congress of the party. The workers and technicians at the shipyard built it in a brief time of less than three months. The "Pegaebong" was launched with due ceremony on September 28. The shipyard, which has turned into a base of a chuche-oriented ship-building industry for large cargo ships, launched the 14,000-ton cargo ship "Wangjaesan" in 1974 and has since built cargo ships of the same class one after another. This year the shipyard built 14,000-ton cargo ships "Kwanmobong" and "Yombunjin." [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean at 0800 GMT on

29 September reported on the ship-launching ceremony, adding: "Comrades Kim Chol-man, a Hyong Mu-kwang and functionaries concerned including Yi Yong-ik and Kim Hyong-sam attended the ceremony, along with the workers of the shipyard and workers from the city." [Text] [SK291240 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1050 GMT 29 Sep 80]

**PYONGSONG FACTORY COMMISSIONED**—The modern equipped Pyongsong Synthetic Leather Factory built in the Central West Region of Korea was commissioned on October 1 with the Sixth Congress of the glorious Workers Party of Korea just at hand. The factory is of great significance in consolidating the independent light industry base of the country and better the peoples living. The builders of the factory, displaying mass heroism, carried out in five months the assembling of the modern automatic equipment which had been regarded to take several years. The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea sent a congratulatory message to the workers, scientists, technicians and office employees who distinguished themselves in the building of the factory and the assembling of the equipment. A commissioning ceremony was held yesterday on the spot. It was attended by Vice-Premier Kong Chin-tae, and Kang Hyon-su, Yi Yang-suk and other personages concerned and builders and employees of the factory. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1038 GMT 2 Oct 80]

CSO: 4120

KIM MAN-KUM ATTENDS FILM SHOW OPENING

SK020409 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 1 Oct 80

[Excerpts] A 10-day film show marking the anniversary of the founding of the KWP opened on 1 October. During this period, films showing the wise guidance of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song, his noble character and immortal revolutionary exploits, and films showing the iron-like unity and invincible might of our party based on the *chuche* idea, the brilliant road traversed by our party and the brilliant achievements attained by our people in revolution and construction will be shown at theaters and cultural halls in provinces, cities and counties throughout the country.

Among these films are many documentary and art features such as "Song of General Kim Il-song," "The Glorious 30 Years Under the Banner of the Party," "Mt. Paektu," "To the End of the World," "Untrodden Path," and "Nameless Heroes."

These films will serve to imbue party members and working people with the great dignity and honor of accelerating revolution and construction, holding the respected and beloved Comrade Kim Il-song in esteem as the great leader and following the wise leadership of the glorious party center. At the same time, they will encourage party members and working people to more vigorously struggle for fulfillment of the revolutionary *chuche* cause.

On 1 October a ceremony opening the film show marking the anniversary of the founding of the KWP was held at the Nakwon Theater. It was attended by Comrade Kim Man-kum, personages concerned including Yi Chang-song, together with working people in the city.

Comrade Kim Man-kum spoke at the ceremony. He said that the 35 years since the founding of our party is a glorious history embroidered with the excellent leadership of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song in developing our party into a new-type revolutionary party and a *chuche*-type militant party.

Noting the brilliant development of our cinematic art under the energetic guidance of the glorious party center, Comrade Kim Man-kun stressed that all party members and working people should deeply understand the ideological contents of the films to be shown during this period and should prepare themselves to become church-type revolutionaries.

After the ceremony, the attendants saw a new film, "The 14th Winter." The film show period will last until 10 October.

CSO: 4120

BRIEFS

CHONGNYON DELEGATION--Vice-Premier Kye Ung-tae on September 23 met and had a talk with the delegation of Chongnyon chapter functionaries headed by Yun Tuk, section chief of the Myogo Prefectural headquarters of Chongyon, in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. On hand were Kim Chu-yong and other personages concerned. [Text] [SK232206 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 23 Sep 80]

CHONGNYON DELEGATIONS DEPART--Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--The delegation of chapter functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), the delegation of Korean scientists in Japan and the 81st home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan which had been visiting the socialist homeland left Pyongyang by train. They were seen off at Pyongyang railway station by Ho Chong-suk, Kim Chu-yong and other personages concerned. The delegations and visiting group left Wonsan on September 25 by the ship "Samjiyon." The members of the 18th short-term home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan left by the same ship. [Text] [SK260001 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2205 GMT 25 Sep 80]

CHONGNYON TROUPE'S PREMIERE--The song and dance troupe of Chongnyon visiting the socialist homeland gave the premiere of its music and dance performance at the Peoples Palace of Culture on the evening of September 25. The performance was appreciated by Vice-Premier Kong Chin-tae, and Yi Chong-son, Kim Chu-yong, Chang Chol and other personages concerned, as well as a large number of working people and artists in the city. [Excerpt] [SK260456 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0356 GMT 26 Sep 80]

TOKYO CHONGNYON BUSINESSMEN--Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--The delegation of Tokyo Metropolitan Traders and Industrialists under the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Pak Yong-ki, chairman of the Kita Association of Traders and Industrialists, Tokyo, under Chongnyon, left Pyongyang on September 30 by air after visiting the socialist homeland. That day some members of the delegation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan left here by the same plane. They were seen off at the airport by Kim In-son and other personages concerned. [Text] [SK010012 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2204 GMT 30 Sep 80]

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### KIM IL-SONG GREETES FOREIGN LEADERS

Guinean President

SK291634 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1610 GMT 29 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song on September 29 sent a message of greetings to Ahmed Sekou Toure, president of the Guinean Revolutionary Peoples Republic, on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the independence of Guinea and proclamation of the republic.

The message said:

On the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the independence of Guinea and the proclamation of the republic, an auspicious national day of the Guinean people, I extend warm felicitations to your excellency and the Guinean government and people, on behalf of the government of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and the Korean people and on my own behalf.

After the independence of the country, the Guinean people under your correct leadership have vigorously advanced towards socialism and registered many successes in their struggle for an independent, new life.

We sincerely wish you greater advance in your future struggle for the prosperity and development of the country and the building of a new society.

The Korean and Guinean peoples have established deep relations of friendship through a common struggle for sovereignty, independence and building of a new society and these relations have expanded and developed to a higher state following your visit to our country last year.

I express the belief that the relations of fraternal friendship and cooperation between our two countries will grow stronger and develop day by day.

#### Botswanan President

SK291632 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1607 GMT 29 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song on September 29 sent a message of greetings to Dr. Q. K. J. Masire, president of the Republic of Botswana, on the occasion of the 14th anniversary of the independence of Botswana.

The message says:

On the occasion of the 14th anniversary of the independence of Botswana I warmly congratulate your excellency, the government and people of the Republic of Botswana on behalf of the government of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own.

The Korean people wish you and your people greater successes in the struggle for building a new Botswana, independent and prosperous.

I express my belief on this occasion that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will further strengthen and develop.

#### Nigerian President

SK301642 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1619 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song on September 29 sent a message of greetings to Alhaji Shehu Shagari, president of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the independence of Nigeria.

The message says:

On the occasion of 20th anniversary of independence of Nigeria I warmly congratulate your excellency, the government and people of the Federal Republic of Nigeria on behalf of the government of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own.

For the last 20 years the Nigerian people have advanced vigorously along the road of independence against imperialism even under the difficult circumstances and are today scoring many successes in their endeavours to build a new Nigeria, united and prosperous.

I take this opportunity to wish you greater progress in your cause for building a new society and express my expectation that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will further strengthen and develop.



## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### KIM IL-SONG RECEIVES MESSAGES FROM FOREIGN PARTY, STATE LEADERS

SK021014 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1004 GMT 2 Oct 80

[Text] Pyongyang October 2 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, received messages of greetings from foreign party and state leaders on the 32nd anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

In his message Col. Mu'ammarr al-Quahdhafi, leader of the Great September 1 Revolution of the Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, extended warmest greetings on his behalf and on behalf of the people of the Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to His Excellency Kim Il-song and the friendly Korean people on the 32nd anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

He wished His Excellency Kim Il-song good health and a long life and the Korean people progress and prosperity.

Luis Herrera Campins, president of the Republic of Venezuela, in his message said: I deem it an honour to send greetings on behalf of the government and people of Venezuela and on his own to respected Your Excellency Kim Il-song on the 32nd anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, a significant day. On this significant holiday I wish respected your excellency president happiness and the Korean people prosperity.

A message from Jose Eduardo Dos Santos, chairman of the Peoples Movement for the Liberation of Angola--Workers Party and president of the Peoples Republic of Angola, said:

I am happy to extend heartfelt congratulations on behalf of the Angolan people, the Peoples Movement for the Liberation of Angola--Workers Party, the Government of the Peoples Republic of Angola and on my own to Your Excellency Kim Il-song on the 32nd anniversary of the national day of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.



On this auspicious day of the heroic Korean people, I express solidarity with patriots in the south of the military demarcation line in their struggle for the reunification of Korea and against U.S. imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism.

In conclusion, he extended congratulations once again to His Excellency Kim Il-song on the successes made by the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea in the socialist construction.

Samuel Kanyon Doe, head of state of the Republic of Liberia and chairman of the Council of Peoples Salvation, in his message extended warmest fraternal greetings and best wishes on behalf of the government of the Council of Peoples Salvation of the Republic of Liberia and the Liberian people and on his own to His Excellency Kim Il-song, the Government of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and the courageous Korean people on the occasion of the national day of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

The Liberian people greeting this day together with the great and dignified, heroic people of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea are highly proud of and satisfied with the friendly relations existing between the two governments and two peoples, he noted. He expressed the hope of his own and of the Government of the Council of Peoples Salvation and the Liberian People that the friendship would develop into more powerful bonds of cooperation in the future.

CSO: 4120

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### FOREIGN PARTIES GREET KWP ON DPRK FOUNDING ANNIVERSARY

SK270358 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0330 GMT 27 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 27 (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea received messages of greetings from foreign parties and party leaders on the occasion of the 32nd anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

Emil Morcha, general secretary of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi, says in his message: The Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea guided by the immortal ~~chuche~~ *chuche* idea has become a dignified and prospering independent and self-supporting state today.

The Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi will as in the past, so in the future, too, support the struggle of the Korean people against imperialism and for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The message wishes the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il-sung happiness and a long life in good health and the Korean people and the Workers Party of Korea prosperity.

The Central Committee of the Pan-Greece Socialist Movement says in its message: The Pan-Greece Socialist Movement which follows Korea's reunification question with deep concern will continue to invariably support the efforts of the Korean people for the reunification of the country.

The Central Committee of the Dominican Communist Party in its message expresses the conviction that a new success will be registered in the joint struggle against U.S. imperialism and the bonds of friendship between the two parties will grow deeper and develop.

The Central Committee of the Lebanese Communist Party says in its message:

The Lebanese Communist Party denounces all the machinations of the splittists within and without to perpetuate the division of Korea and demands that the U.S. imperialist aggression troops be withdrawn from South Korea at once and totally along with their aggression forces.

The Lebanese Communist Party hopes that relations between the two parties will further develop in the common struggle against the aggression of imperialism and reactionaries.

Jorge Del Prado, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Peruvian Communist Party, says in his message:

Under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea always discharges its duty for the people with credit, the Peruvian communists wish the Korean people greater successes in their struggle to force the U.S. troops out of South Korea and achieve the reunification of the country and in their struggle for the development of the full sovereign and independent state.

CSO: 4120

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

JAPAN TO BLAME FOR KIM TAE-CHUNG ARREST

SKU10640 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0423 GMT 1 Oct 80

["Japanese Ruling Circles Are Under Unavoidable Obligation in View of International Law to Practically Save Kim Tae-chung, says NODONG SINMUN"--KCNA headline]

[Text] Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--The Japanese ruling circles are directly to blame for the fascist act of the Chon-Tu Hwan clique which passed a death sentence upon Kim Tae-chung.

As for the Japanese ruling circles, they are under unavoidable obligation and duty in view of international law to realise the reinstatement of Kim Tae-chung to his original status and practically save his life.

NODONG SINMUN October 1 stresses this in a commentary headlined "U.S. and Japanese ruling circles should lend ear to the indignant voice of the world."

The commentary says:

If the Japanese ruling circles had solved the past Kim Tae-chung kidnap case committed by traitor Pak Chong-hui in such a fair way as could be accepted by the peoples of Korea and Japan and world public and had not made an illegal "political settlement" with the South Korean puppets, the fate of Kim Tae-chung would not have been in the present state.

If the Japanese ruling circles admit that Kim Tae-chung kidnap case was a wanton infringement upon the sovereignty of Japan and it was their grave mistake that they have not solved this case satisfactorily. There can be no ground for them not to take a strong attitude and a proper step to re-examine the "political settlement" without hesitation.

Nevertheless, the Japanese ruling circles have not taken a proper step, merely saying in an ambiguous term that they are "deeply concerned" under the preposterous pretext of "non-interference in others internal affairs" in the whole course from the time when Kim Tae-chung was illegally arrested to his trial and the passing of a death sentence upon him.

Public opinion in Japan is now strongly criticizing the Japanese authorities and calling them to account for assuming an indifferent attitude toward the Kim Tae-chung question and overlooking the Chon Tu-hwan clique's fascist repression of Kim Tae-chung.

But, the Japanese authorities, far from lending an ear to this opinion, are dispatching one after another various missions to South Korea to openly give political, economic and military support to the Chon Tu-hwan clique.

When traitor Chon Tu-hwan, who dyed his hands and feet with the blood of people, took the seat of the puppet "president" by means of violence and fraudulence, it was none other than the Japanese authorities who "congratulated" him before anyone else and it is also the Japanese authorities who sent the former minister of defence and the former prime minister to South Korea to promise to give "aid" to Chon Tu-hwan the bandit, and strengthen the "South Korea-Japan fusion" with the military fascists.

The attitude of the Japanese ruling quarters to the Kim Tae-chung question shows that they are zealously backing the Chon Tu-hwan clique in an attempt to maintain South Korea permanently as a commodity market, an object of investment of capital and a supplier of cheap labour force.

CSO: 4120

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### TAEKWONDO GROUP IN U.S. VISITS NORTH KOREA

#### Chong Chun-ku Attends Exhibition

SK240457 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0404 GMT 24 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 24 (KCNA)--The Taekwondo Exhibition Group led by Mr Choe Hong-hui gave its premier at the Pyongyang indoor stadium on September 23.

It was watched by Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki; Ho Chong-suk, director of the secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; Hong Ki-mun, vice-chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; Kim Yu-son, chairman of the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee; Kim Tuk-chun, its vice-chairman; Wang Kyong-hak, Vice-chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal Administrative Committee; and other personages concerned and a large number of working people in the city.

Mr Choe Hong-ui, publisher of "Paedal Singo" and chairman of the International Taekwondo Federation, saw the performance in company with them.

Kim Yu-son made a speech before the performance.

He said that Mr. Choe Hong-hui and the exhibition group were visiting the homeland in a significant period on the threshold of the historic sixth congress of the party which will record a new page in the proud annals of our fatherland. Whenever we sit together with compatriots from abroad, he said, we long for the brothers and sisters of the same blood in the south and feel our hearts burn fiercer with aspirations for national reunification.

National misfortunes must be dispelled in South Korea and our fatherland be reunified as early as possible, he stressed.

The visit of Mr Choe Hong-hui and the exhibition group to the homeland is a significant visit linked with the grand march of our nation towards the reunification of the country; he said.

Mr Choe Hong-hui spoke next.

Concluding his speech, he presented a hanging-roll bearing the words "Taekwondo" to the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee to commemorate the home-visit.

A member of the Taekwondo exhibition group Yi Ki-ha recited a poem written by members of the group with warm love for the fatherland and ardent aspirations for national reunification.

Then followed the exhibition performance.

The spectators sent warm applause each time the performers showed their good skill.

#### Kim Il Views Performance

SK290410 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0356 GMT 29 Sep 66

[Text] Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)--The Taekwondo exhibition group led by Mr Choe Hong-hui gave its last performance at the Pyongyang indoor stadium on September 28.

Seeing the performance were Comrade Kim Il, member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea, vice-president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; Ho Chong-suk, director of the secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; Hong Ki-mun, vice-chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; Kim Yu-sun, chairman, and Kim Tuk-chun, vice-chairman, of the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee; Wang Kyong-hak, vice-chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal Administrative Committee; other personages concerned and a large number of working people in the city.

Mr Choe Hong-hui, publisher of "Paedal Sinbo" and chairman of the International Taekwondo Federation, also watched the performance.

Foreign diplomatic envoys and embassy officials of various countries in Pyongyang also saw it.

The performers well exhibited various movements and skills reflecting the national spirit and resourcefulness.

"Tongiltul" reflecting their desire to accelerate national reunification, the cherished desire of our nation, was warmly acclaimed by the spectators.

When the performers concluded "Tongiltul" and shouted "long live General Kim Il-song!" and "long live national reunification!" the entire spectators rose to their feet and clapped their hands.

At the beginning and end of the performance Yi Ki-ha, member of the Taekwondo exhibition group, recited "Land of My Fatherland" and "The Fatherland Is One," poems by the exhibition group.



The spectators enthusiastically acclaimed the performers each time they displayed excellent skill.

#### Group Tours DPRK Sites

SK291235 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1017 GMT 29 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)--Mr Choe Hong-hui, publisher of "Paedai Sinbo" and chairman of the International Taekwondo Federation, and the Taekwondo exhibition group led by him toured Wonsan and Mt Kumgang-san from September 23 to 25 and gave an exhibition performance at the gymnasium of the Wonsan Youth Hall.

Mr Choe Hong-hui and his party were invited to a party arranged by the Kangwon Provincial Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee. At the party Mr. Choe Hong-hui said: We clearly understood that the people in the homeland sincerely desire reunification. Our minds had been preoccupied so far with their thought about "southward invasion." But, while seeing what has been built and is being built by the people in the homeland this time, we could clearly confirm that they have no intention of "southward invasion."

We believe that the homeland owes all its amazing development to the far-sightedness and ardent patriotism of the Great President Kim Il-song. I propose a toast to the good health and long life of President Kim Il-song, the great leader. The members of the exhibition group raised glasses to the good health and long life of the Great Leader President Kim Il-song who afforded them an opportunity to visit the homeland and takes warm care of them, and sang in chorus "Song of General Kim Il-song" with the ardent feelings of reverence.

While visiting various places, they expressed reverence for the great leader. Choe son-tok, a member of the group, said: In the north all the people are firmly united around President Kim Il-song. We can see that the north has great strength, a clear goal and a bright vista for the future.

Member of the group Yim Won-sop said: Indeed, happy are the people in the homeland who attend the Great President Kim Il-song. It is the greatest pride and honour for us abroad to hold President Kim Il-song in high esteem.

Han Sam-su, a member of the group, said: What I felt most deeply here is that the entire people in the north are closely united as one man around President Kim Il-song. This is what the south fears most.

The people in the north are equally well-off, knowing no gap between the rich and the poor, they are proud and boastful of their own things, they are capable of making everything by their own efforts and are full of confidence.

Mr Choe Hong-hui and his party made up their mind to actively strive for national reunification, expressing full support to the policy of the DPRK government for national reunification.



stating that what he felt most strongly during his visit is that they also have the fatherland, the most powerful fatherland with a bright future, Mr Choe Hong-hui said: Reunification must be realized and we think that we must see its realization during our lifetime. Therefore, I am resolved to contribute to national reunification with Taekwondo.

A member of the group said: There is the "Unification Board" in the south, but its aim is not to reunify the fatherland. For it is not studying how to reunify the country but is engrossed in phrase-mongering about the existence of heterogeneity between the north and south, claiming that it should be done away with prior to reunification.

If so, it would take another 35 years to do away with this heterogeneity which came into being due to the 35 year-long division. This is nothing but opposing reunification. If they want reunification, they should apply a catalyst to remove the heterogeneity for speedy fusion, but they are reluctant to do so.

The assertion of the north with regard to reunification is a hundred times just, the south is not prepared for reunification. The hurdle is the present rulers of the south, the United States and Japan which manipulate them behind the scene like Hirobumi Ito are also an obstacle, so we must oppose the United States and Japan.

A member of the group said they say for themselves during the current visit that the north is not making preparations for a war though the south is stepping them up. The exhibition group visited the Pyongyang Fruit Farm on September 26. It also inspected the Pyongyang Maternity Hospital. The members of the group unanimously expressed admiration, saying that the building of the maternity hospital is ultra modern and its facilities are latest one.

Chong Hae-su, a member of the group, pointed out that all the facilities are up to the world's high standard, he said: They suffer nothing by comparison in the world, superior, indeed, is the public health system of the north. Here doctors call on sick persons, this system is worthy of emulation for anyone.

The fatherland is the best in the world also in that a complete free medical treatment system is in force. Member of the group Choe Son-tok said: During our current visit I clearly realized the economic might of the north, the economy of the south is one standing on the sand, but the economy of the north is one built on solid concrete.

#### Pyongyang Mass Welcoming Meeting

SK300414 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0359 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--A Pyongyang mass meeting welcoming Mr Choe Hong-hui, publisher of "Paedai Sinbo" and chairman of the International Taekwondo Federation, and his party, on a visit to the homeland,

was held at the Peoples Palace of Culture on September 29. Placed on the platform was a portrait of the great leader of our people Comrade Kim Il-sung. Present at the meeting were Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ku and Ho Chong-suk, director of the secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; Hongku-mun, vice-chairman of the committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; Kim Yu-sun, chairman, and Kim Tuk-chu, vice-chairman, of the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee; Wang Kyong-hak, vice-chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal Administrative Committee; and other personages concerned and working people in the city. Hong Ki-mun spoke first at the meeting. He said:

The current visit of Mr Choe Hong-hui to the homeland clearly showed that though we are living in different lands and there are differences between us in idea and ideology, if we love the country and the nation and want reunification, we can understand and unite with each other on the basis of one common idea, a national idea.

We highly appreciate the determination and will of Mr Choe Hong-hui and the exhibition group members to contribute to national reunification through Taegwondo as an expression of the noble patriotism for the country and the nation.

Owing to the fascist, splittist and anti-communist confrontation manoeuvres perpetrated by the Chon Tu-hwan group under the manipulation of outside forces, today very grave obstacles have been laid on the road to the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, he noted, and said: We can never remain an onlooker at the danger of permanent split befalling the country and the nation and the tragic reality of South Korea where the people are falling again a victim to the fascist dictatorship.

Our meeting with Mr Choe Hong-hui this time showed that even though there may be differences in ideology and view and religious belief, people who are truly desirous of the reunification of the country and concerned for the future destiny of the nation, can unite their will and efforts on the basis of the idea of great national unity and do work beneficial to the reunification of the country.

He continued: We hold that in South Korea the "yusin system" should be abolished, the "martial law" be lifted and Kim Tae-chung and other democratic figures illegally condemned to penalties be released, demand the United States and Japan to stop interfering in the internal affairs of Korea, discontinue encouraging the Chon Tu-hwan clique and demand the United States, in particular, to withdraw its troops from South Korea without delay.

Noting that the general situation at home and abroad is now developing in favour of the cause of the reunification of our fatherland, he stressed: The firm political and ideological unity of our people centering around the great leader and the successes made by our people through their creative labour constitute firm wherewithal for the reunification of the country.

Mr. Choe Hong-hui spoke next.

After the meeting the attendants saw a music and dance performance given by artists of Pyongyang.

#### Tours of Pyongyang, Local Sites

SK301016 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1000 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--Mr Choe Hong-hui, publisher of "Paedai Sinbo" and chairman of the International Taekwondo Federation and the Taekwondo Exhibition Group led by him toured various places in Pyongyang and local areas.

The exhibition group visited the Kim Il-song University on September 27. A member of the exhibition group said: The Kim Il-song University is truly grand. Seeing this university alone, we can realise that the question of education has been fully solved in the homeland. The north where there was not a single university under the Japanese imperialist rule has today more than 160 universities and colleges. Wonderful, indeed. This shows that the future of the homeland is bright.

The exhibition group also visited the Chongsan Cooperative Farm. Chong Hae-su, member of the exhibition group, said: How can President Kim Il-song so correctly judge work in all fields and guide it; he is an extraordinary, great person whom no one can match. Saying that the countryside is highly developed, a member of the exhibition group stressed that the south is far behind the north in all aspects.

The members of the exhibition group gave their impressions of the visit to the homeland.

Yi Sok-hui, member of the exhibition group, said: I feel confidence at the thought that I have the homeland. I am convinced that the reunification of the country will certainly be realised as there is the great President Kim Il-song.

A member of the exhibition group said: In the north, I saw there are the great leader and a great people. I take great national pride in this, he stressed.

On the evening of September 27 Mr Choe Hong-hui and his party visited the Mansudae Art Theatre and appreciated the music and dance tale "Song of Paradise." After appreciating the performance, Mr Choe Hong-hui said: The "operas" of the West show killing and beating man, but the art of the homeland is one fostering noble patriotism and lofty spirit and morality in men. He continued: It is a great masterpiece, it is a masterpiece reflecting the reality where things have been created from nothing. I was so fascinated that I cannot find proper words. In the world there is no theatre which can stand comparison with this. Indeed, there is no theatre in the world so wonderful as this theatre.

Mr Choe Hong-hui and his party visited the Pyongyang Students and Childrens Palace and appreciated a performance of its art circle members on September 28. Mr Choe Hong-hui said: During my visit to the homeland this time, I saw a heaven on earth. Touring Pyongyang and local areas, I thought a heaven is not in other places but is here. I was truly struck with admiration. I clearly felt, seeing this place, how splendid the educational system established by the president is. Indeed, it is a superior educational system.

A member of the exhibition group said: The children in the homeland are learning fine music and art without paying even a penny. The system of the north is truly wonderful.

Mr. Choe Hong-hui visited his native place.

Mr Choe Hong-hui and his party were also invited to see an acrobatic performance.

#### Speech by Taekwondo Group Head

AKJ1507 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0410 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Teal] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--Mr Choe Hong Hui, publisher of "Paedai Sinbo" and chairman of the International Taekwondo Federation, made a speech at a Pyongyang mass meeting held on September 29 to welcome him and his party on a visit to the homeland.

He said: I extend deepest thanks to respected and beloved President Kim Il-sung for personally receiving me, a man of no importance, and giving me precious words and arranging even a luncheon for me, busy as he was with state affairs with the historic sixth congress of the Workers Party of Korea just at hand.

I visited Mangyongdae and realized for myself that the two house sites in Mangyongdae on the bank of River Taedong-gang are indeed a place where the leader of the whole world could be produced.

From hidden times people had aspired after a society rich in food, clothing and housing. I clearly understood that such ideal society has become a splendid reality here in the north.

The south has become a garbage dump of outside forces. Rivers and mountains are being devastated and even the Japs are riding on the back of the nation. Contrary to this, rivers and mountains are indeed, beautiful and well afforested and adjusted in the north, so that clean water and magnificent buildings can be seen in all parts. Seeing these things, we cannot but have national pride.

When we heard all people, young and old, whom we met and call for the country's reunification, the cherished desire of the nation, we realise

that all the talk of the rulers in the south was a lie and we had done well to visit the homeland this time.

We deeply thought that the nation is the same and so is the land in the north and the south and then why such reality is impossible in the south and reached a conclusion that after all, there is no leader in the south.

You have lived a very happy life. Only under the guidance of the great leader General Kim Il-sung who enforces an independent policy on the basis of the chuche idea could you give full play to your talent and could such reality of today be built. Should you alone have this honour. Can't the people in the south enjoy it and can't we hand this down to the whole land generation after generation? To answer this question is our common duty and common task, I think.

We have realised this time that we should make a new determination to destroy the artificial truce line at an early date. Of course, it is not that there is no one desirous of unification in the south. There are many. It is because a handful of a murderous gang is obstructing the unification and, behind it, a dark shadow is backing the Chon Tu-hwan group. That unification has not yet been realised, I think.

We know that we should reunify the country by our own efforts and no country will realize it in our stead and even if others realize it for us, they will do so only to divide our country again. Experience over the past 70 odd years gives us a living lesson on this matter.

I have many acquaintances in the United States. Upon returning there, I will make efforts, saying and appealing to them and convincing them that if they truly love the Korean nation as they say they love Korea and her people, they should make the U.S. troops withdraw from our territory at an early date to let the Korean people solve their problem by themselves. And I will also warn Japan, our old enemy who made our forefathers languish in the past and is watching for a chance to make us languish forever.

I will say: You were defeated in the past because you swallowed up what you should not do. If you attempt to swallow our territory and our nation again, you will die. No matter how hard foreign forces scheme to swallow up the southern half, the public opinion of the world will never allow it.

We will tighten our belts again and advance step by step to the approaching unification. Then we are convinced that the day of unification will surely come that much earlier, in a few years to come.

My party is leaving here after clearly seeing the world-startling reality in which grand buildings have mushroomed and tremendous changes have taken place in all domains as we see today here in the north and where everything was levelled to the ground by hails of shells and naval bombardment during the past war.

And I am leaving after clearly seeing here the noble fraternal love for constructing solid buildings under a far-reaching plan and handing them down to our posterity.

We are leaving here with satisfaction, thinking that we also have our homeland which is standing on a strong foundation and whose future is bright, he declared.

CSO: 4120



## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### INDONESIAN LEGISLATORS VISIT NORTH KOREA

#### Legislators Arrive

SK280856 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0833 GMT 28 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 28 (KCNA)--A delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia headed by His Excellency Daryatmo, its speaker, arrived in Pyongyang on September 27 by plane for a goodwill visit to our country at the invitation of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

His Excellency speaker Daryatmo and his wife were accompanied by Sugiharto, chief of Golkar faction; Hardjantho Sumodisastro, chief of the Indonesian Democratic Party faction; Amir Datuk Palindih, chief of the Second Committee of the House of Representatives; and others.

Placed at the airport were a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of His Excellency Suharto, president of the Republic of Indonesia.

At the airport a large number of people warmly welcomed the guests coming to our country carrying with them the friendly sentiments of the Indonesian people.

The delegation was met at the airport by Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly of the DPRK Hwang Chang-Yop and his wife, Vice-chairman Ho Chong-suk, Minister of Finance Yun Ki-chong and Vice-minister of Foreign Affairs Cho Kyu-il [title as received].

The delegation was also met by Ambassador R. Kusumahardja Djundjuran and officials of the Indonesian embassy here.

#### Meeting With SPA Leaders

SK280901 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0845 GMT 28 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 28 (KCNA)--Hwang Chong-yop, chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly, on September 27 met



and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia which paid a courtesy call on him.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by His Excellency Speaker Daryatmo and Indonesian Ambassador to our country R. Kusumahardja Djundjuran.

Vice-chairman of the SPA Standing Committee Ho Chong-suk, Minister of Finance Yun Ki-chong and Vice-minister of Foreign Affairs Cho Kyu-il were on hand.

#### Party for Legislators

SK281128 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0905 GMT 28 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 28 (KCNA)--The Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly on the evening of September 27 arranged a party at the Peoples Palace of Culture in honour of the delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia on a goodwill visit to our country.

Invited to the party were head of the delegation His Excellency Daryatmo, its speaker, and his wife and members of the delegation and Indonesian Ambassador to our country R. Kusumahardja Djundjuran.

Present there were Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly Hwang Chang-yop and his wife and its vice-chairman Ho Chong-suk, Minister of Finance Yun Ki-chong, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Cho Kyu-il and other personages concerned.

Chairman Hwang Chang-yop spoke first at the party.

He said that the delegations visit to Korea would be an important occasion in strengthening the friendly relations between the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia and the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly of the DPRK and further deepening the excellent bonds of friendship existing between the two peoples.

Developing non-aligned countries, our two countries have established close relations of friendship and cooperation for the commonness of the past position and the commonness of the present struggle for the building of a new life, he said, and stressed: the bonds of our friendship are being further consolidated through the common struggle against all forms of domination and subjugation and for safeguarding the national sovereignty of the country and defending world peace and security, holding high the banner of anti-imperialism, independence and non-alignment.

Pointing out that this was well expressed by the brisk exchanges of friendship delegations in various fields between the two countries and by their mutual cooperation and concerted action as genuine non-aligned countries in the international arena, he said: your government and people expressed support and sympathy for the struggle of our government and people to achieve the cause of national reunification, the greatest desire of our nation.

He continued: All this shows that the excellent relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries fully accord with the interests of the two peoples and with the strengthening and development of the non-aligned movement and the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries will continue to expand and develop as in the past.

During the Third Five-Year Plan, your people are registering many successes in the building of the national economy and national culture, while laying main emphasis on consolidating the national independence of the country and on the development of agriculture for attaining self-sufficiency in food, he noted, and said: "Our people are rejoiced as over their own over the successes made by your people and sincerely wish them greater success in the future.

He declared: We are well aware of the efforts of Asean member nations to achieve peace, stability and neutrality in Southeast Asia and support them.

His Excellency Speaker Daryatmo spoke next. He pointed out that the purpose of the delegations visit is to further develop the friendly relations between the Republic of Indonesia and the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

Noting that the Republic of Indonesia and the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea have many common points, he said: As a member state of the non-aligned movement, we want a world where mankind lives in peace.

Indonesia maintains an independent and active political stand in the non-aligned movement and develops relations with other countries on this principle, he stated, and continued: The political principle upheld by us is to solve problems not by means of violence but through negotiation.

Peace can be guaranteed only when there is no violence and each nation can build a prosperous and happy country by itself only when there is peace.

Pointing out that Indonesia respects other countries in accordance with the independent and active policy, he declared: we do not interfere in other countries internal affairs and do not want others to interfere in our internal affairs.

Saying that Indonesia is now carrying out the Third Five-Year Plan, he went on: What is important in carrying out the plan is the stability of the nation.

The stability of the nation can be achieved only when its region is stable, and regional stability and peace cannot be guaranteed without an atmosphere of peace among nations.

The participants toasted the friendship and unity between the Korean and Indonesian peoples, the good health and long life of the respected and beloved leader of our people Comrade Kim Il-sung and the good health and long life of His Excellency esteemed President Suharto.

### Meeting With SPA Standing Committee

SK292205 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 29 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)—Talks between the delegation of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and the delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia were held in Pyongyang on September 29.

Present at the talks on our side were Chairman of the SPA Standing Committee Hwang Chang-yop, its Vice-Chairman Ho Chong-suk, Minister of Finance Yun Ki-chong, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Cho Kyu-il and other personages concerned.

Present on the opposite side were head of the delegation His Excellency Daryatmo, speaker of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia; Sugiharto, chief of Golkar Faction, Hardjantho Sumodisastro, chief of the Indonesian Democratic Party Faction, Amir Datuk Palindih, chief of the Second Committee, of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia; and others.

The talks took place in a friendly atmosphere.

### Tour of DPRK

SK291200 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1007 GMT 29 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)—The delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia headed by His Excellency Daryatmo, its speaker, on a goodwill visit to our country, went to Mangyongdae on September 28.

Hearing about the immortal revolutionary history of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the delegation went round with keen interest historical mementoes carefully preserved in the native house in Mangyongdae.

The guests posed for a photograph in front of the native house in commemoration of their visit to Mangyongdae.

The head of the delegation stressed that through their visit to Mangyongdae they came to have a better knowledge of the history of Korea, especially, the revolutionary history of the great leader.

The delegation was accompanied by Hwang Chang-yop, chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly, and Cho Kyu-il, vice-minister of Foreign Affairs.

The delegation visited the Chongsan Cooperative Farm.

After inspecting the Chongsanri Revolutionary Museum and Kindergarten, the guests went round fields of the farm where autumn harvesting was in full swing.

The head of the delegation left a souvenir at the farm.

Earlier, the guests inspected the Kiyang irrigation setups.

#### Meeting With Pak Chong-Chol

SK300345 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0334 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--Vice-President Pak Song-chol on September 29 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia which paid a curtesy call on him.

Present there were head of the delegation His Excellency Speaker Daryatmo and his wife and the members of the delegation.

Also present were Hwang Chang-yop, chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly, and his wife, Iho Kyuwail, vice-minister of Foreign Affairs, and an official of the Indonesian Embassy in Pyongyang.

#### Delegation Hosts Party

SK020429 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0347 GMT 2 Oct 80

[Text] Pyongyang October 2 (KCNA)--Head of the Delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia His Excellency Daryatmo, its speaker, arranged a party at the Ongnyugwan restaurant on the evening of October 1 upon the conclusion of the delegations visit to our country.

Invited to the party were Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly Hwang Chang-yop and his wife, Vice-Chairman of the SPA Standing Committee Ho Chong-suk, Minister of Finance Yun Ki-chong, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Cho Kyu-il and other personages concerned.

Present on the occasion were the wife of His Excellency Speaker Daryatmo and members of the delegation, Indonesian Ambassador to Korea R. Kusumahardja Djundjunan and embassy officials.

His Excellency Speaker Daryatmo spoke at the party. We, he said, will always remember that His Excellency the great President Kim Il-song received us. He said that the delegations' visit to Korea would contribute to making closer the friendly relations between the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia and the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and further developing the friendly relations between the peoples.

He said that he would convey the greetings of the great President Kim Il-song to President Suharto.

Chairman Hwang Chang-yop spoke next. He said that the visit to Korea by the delegation of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia headed by His Excellency speaker marked an important occasion in further expanding and developing the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries in various fields.

The Korean people, he stated, will energetically strive to strengthen friendship with the Indonesian people and build an independent and prosperous, new Asia under the banner of independence, sovereignty and non-alignment.

The participants raised glasses to the friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Indonesian peoples, the good health and long life of the great leader of our people Comrade Kim Il-song and the good health and long life of His Excellency respected President Suharto.

CSO: 4120

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### JSP DELEGATION VISITS NORTH KOREA

#### Meets With Kim Yong-nam

SK290356 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0314 GMT 29 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Yong-nam on September 28 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of peasant activists of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Taro Yamaguchi, member of the Central Executive Committee of the JSP and director of the Department of Peasants and Fishermen.

Present there were personages concerned.

#### Delegation Hosts Party

SK300938 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0800 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--The delegation of Peasant Activists of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Taro Yamaguchi, member of the Central Executive Committee and director of the Department of Peasants and Fishermen of the Japan Socialist Party, arranged a party at the Ongnyugwan restaurant on the evening of September 29 on the conclusion of its visit to our country.

Taro Yamaguchi spoke first, saying that during their stay in Korea, they went round a cooperative farm, irrigation setups, educational institutions and others to see the brilliant successes made by the DPRK in socialist construction, he said: We were convinced that the Korean people will surely over-fulfill the second seven-year plan.

The Korean peoples struggle for national reunification should be turned into a struggle of the world people, he noted, and said: The Japan Socialist Party will take the lead, together with the Korean people, in the struggle for the reunification of Korea.

He said that he would make efforts to further strengthen the solidarity between the Japan Socialist Party and the Workers Party of Korea and between the Japanese and Korean peoples.



Hyon Chun-kuk spoke next. He said: During the delegations visit to Korea, we understood each other more deeply and reaffirmed the resolute stand of the two parties determined to oppose the U.S. imperialists aggressive policy and continue to struggle hand in hand for peace, democracy, independence, sovereignty and social progress.

Noting that the delegations visit to Korea contributed to further consolidating and developing the excellent friendly and cooperative relations between the two parties and deepening the sentiments of trust between the Korean and Japanese peoples, he said, we are very satisfied with this.

The attendants raised glasses to the further development of the friendly relations between the Workers Party of Korea and the Japan Socialist Party, the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the good health of Mr Ichio Asukata, chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party.

#### Group Ends Visit

SK010005 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2200 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--The delegation of Peasant Activists of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Taro Yamaguchi, member of the Central Executive Committee and director of the Department of Peasants and Fishermen of the Japan Socialist Party, left here on September 30 by plane.

During its stay the delegation visited Mangyongdae and inspected the Chongsan cooperative farm, the Kiyang irrigation setups, the Pyongyang hot-house farm, educational institutions and various other places.

CSO: 4120



## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### FRENCH COMMUNIST PARTY HEAD MEETS KWP DELEGATION

SE260007 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2207 GMT 25 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--Georges Marchais, general secretary of the Communist Party of France, on September 13 met the delegation of the Workers Party of Korea which had taken part in the festival of L'HUMANITE, the organ of the Communist party of France, according to a report.

The head of the delegation conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Kim Il-song to the general secretary.

The general secretary expressed deep thanks for the cordial regards and asked the head of the delegation to convey his wholehearted greetings to the great leader.

The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

The DPRK Exhibition Hall drew large crowds of visitors at the site of the festival functions, placed in the exhibition hall was a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

On display there were his immortal classic works and industrial art objects of our country.

During the festival many political and public figures of France waged an extensive movement calling for the release of Kim Tae-chung and suspension of economic dealings between France and South Korea.

Speaking at a mass meeting held on September 14 in celebration of the festival, the general secretary of the Communist Party of France denounced the fascist suppression by the Chon Tu-hwan gang of murderers in South Korea.

CSO: 4120

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### ITALIAN COMMUNIST PARTY HEAD MEETS KWP DELEGATION

SK260013 Pyongyang KCNA in English 211 [number incomplete] GMT 25 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--Enrico Berlinguer, general secretary of the Italian Communist Party, on September 14 met the delegation of the Workers Party of Korea which had participated in the festival of the L'UNITA, the organ of the party, according to a report.

The head of the delegation conveyed cordial regards of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the general secretary of the Italian Communist Party.

The general secretary expressed deep thanks for the cordial regards and asked the head of the delegation to convey sincere greetings of his party's leadership and himself to the great leader.

He wished greater successes to the Korean people in their struggle for the revolution and construction and declared that the Italian Communist Party would, as in the past, so in the future, too, extend invariable support to the Korean peoples struggle for the independent reunification of the country.

The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

Speaking at the closing ceremony of the L'UNITA festival on September 14, the general secretary of the Italian Communist Party expressed deep apprehensions for the suppression of South Korean democratic figures by the Chon Tu-hwan murderous gang.

During the festival, the exhibition hall of our country drew a large crowd of people.

Placed in the exhibition hall was a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

On display were immortal classic works of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song and handiworks of our country.

A signature campaign of public figures for rescuing Kim Tae-chung was waged briskly during the festival.

## N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

### BRIEFS

ARCHITECTS' RETURN FROM USSR--Pyongyang September 18--The delegation of the Korean Architects' Union headed by Kim Ung-sang returned home from the Soviet Union on September 17 by air. [Text] [SK242359 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1203 GMT 17 Sep 80 SK]

KAMPUCHEA'S AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--Premier Yi Chong-ok on September 25 met and had a talk with Sam San, Ambassador of Democratic Kampuchea to Korea, when the latter paid a courtesy call on him. Present on the occasion were Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Cho Kyu-il and an official of the Democratic Kampuchean Embassy in Pyongyang. [Text] [SK260809 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0806 GMT 26 Sep 80] Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA) --Vice-President Kang Yang-uk on September 25 met and had a talk with Sam San, ambassador of Democratic Kampuchea to our country, when the latter paid a courtesy call on him. Present on the occasion were Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Cho Kyu-il and an official of the Democratic Kampuchean Embassy in Pyongyang. [Text] [SK260808 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0804 GMT 26 Sep 80]

MEETING MARKING HUNGARIAN ARMY DAY--Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--A meeting was held at the Mangyongdae Revolutionary School on September 25 to mark day of the armed forces of the Hungarian Peoples Republic. The meeting was attended by the teachers and students of the school and Janos Stuhan, military attache of the Hungarian Embassy in Pyongyang, and its official. Speeches were exchanged at the meeting. Earlier, a soldiers meeting was held at the unit of the Korean Peoples Army to which Comrade Yi Sok belongs. [Text] [SK260459 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0344 GMT 26 Sep 80]

NEW EGYPTIAN ENVOY--Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--Muhammad 'Abd Ar-Rahman 'Abd As-salam newly-appointed ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Arab Republic of Egypt to our country, presented the letter of credence to the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, on September 25. Present on the occasion were Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Yi Chong-mok and officials of the Egyptian Embassy in Pyongyang. After receiving the credentials, the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song had a talk with the ambassador. [Text] [SK260520 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0407 GMT 26 Sep 80]

**YUGOSLAV JOURNALISTS MEET SPA CHAIRMAN**--Pyongyang September 27 (KCNA)--Hwang Chang-yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme Peoples Assembly, on September 26 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the Federation of Yugoslav Journalists headed by Olga Petrovic, President of the Committee of the Socialist Republic of Montenegro for Information. Present on the occasion were personages concerned Pak Chae-u and Yugoslav Ambassador to Korea Tode Vardziaki. [Text] [SK262230 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2200 GMT 26 Sep 80]

**SOVIET FILM SHOW**--Pyongyang September 26--A film reception on the 22nd Olympiad was hosted by the Soviet Embassy in Pyongyang on September 23. Personages concerned were invited to the film reception. Present there were Ambassador G. A. Kriulin and officials of the Soviet Embassy in Pyongyang. The attendants saw a Soviet film on the 22nd Olympiad. [Text] [SK260724 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0355 GMT 26 Sep 80 SK]

**GDR ENVOY'S PRESS CONFERENCE**--Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--Dietrich Jarck, Ambassador of the German Democratic Republic to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, called a press conference at the Embassy on September 25 on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the founding of the German Democratic Republic. Present at the press conference were newspaper and news agency reporters in Pyongyang. Dietrich Jarck addressed the press conference. He introduced successes achieved by the GDR people in various fields, political, economic and cultural, under the leadership of the Socialist Unity of Party of Germany. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0412 GMT 26 Sep 80 SK]

**YUGOSLAV JOURNALISTS DEPART**--Pyongyang September 28 (KCNA)--The delegation of the Federation of Yugoslav Journalists headed by Olga Petrovic, president of the Committee of the Socialist Republic of Montenegro for Information, left Pyongyang by train on September 27. The delegation was seen off at Pyongyang railway station by personages concerned and Yugoslav ambassador to our country Tode Vardziaki. During its stay here the delegation visited historic Mangyongdae and went round the Korean Revolution Museum, the Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Museum and other places. [Text] [SK280924 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0839 GMT 28 Sep 80]

**WPK DELEGATION RETURNS**--Pyongyang September 28 (KCNA)--The delegation of the Workers Party of Korea headed by Yang Hyong-sop, member of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and president of the Academy of Social Sciences, returned home on September 27 by plane after visiting Nigeria, Sierra Leone, Senegal and Cameroon. The delegation was met at the airport by Kang Sok-Sung, Yu-Hwa-son and other personages concerned. [Text] [SK280922 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0837 GMT 28 Sep 80]

**MESSAGE TO HUNGARIAN DEFENSE MINISTER**--Pyongyang September 29 (KCNA)--General U. Chin-u, Minister of Peoples Armed Forces, sent a message of greetings to General Lajos Czinege, Minister of Defence of the Hungarian Peoples Republic, on the army day of the HPR. The message says that the Hungarian Peoples Army has defended the gains of the revolution and reliably safeguarded the

endeavours of its people for the building of a new life, smashing all the subversive manoeuvres and sabotages of the class enemies at home and abroad. Expressing the conviction that the friendly and cooperative relations forged between the armies of the two countries in the common struggle against imperialism will grow stronger and develop in the future, the message sincerely wishes the defence minister and the men and officers of the Hungarian Peoples Army new success in the work for implementing the decision of the 12th Congress of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party. [Text] [SK290405 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0333 GMT 29 Sep 80]

DELEGATION RETURN FROM USSR--Pyongyang, September 29--The delegation of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society headed by Kim Sang-chun which had attended celebrations of the 32d anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea held in the Soviet Union returned home on September 28. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 29 Sep 80 SK]

LIBYAN AGRICULTURAL DELEGATION--Pyongyang September 30 (KCNA)--An agricultural delegation of the Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab Jamahiriya headed by Abdullah al-Jahmi, under-secretary of the Secretariat of Agriculture and Land Reclamation of the SPLAJ, arrived in Pyongyang on September 29 by air. [Text] [SK292214 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2209 GMT 29 Sep 80]

SPA DELEGATION--Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--The delegation of the parliamentary group of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea headed by Ku Il-son, deputy to the Supreme Peoples Assembly, returned home on September 29 by air after attending the 67th Inter-Parliamentary Conference which was held in the German Democratic Republic. [Text] [SK010010 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 30 Sep 80]

PAKISTAN TRADE DELEGATION--Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--The Government Trade Delegation of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan headed by Izharul Haque, secretary of the Ministry of Commerce of Pakistan, left Pyongyang on September 30 by air. During its stay in our country, the delegation visited Mangyongdae and inspected the Korean Central History Museum, the Pyongyang Students and Childrens Palace, the Pyongyang Metro and other places. [Text] [SK010007 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2201 GMT 30 Sep 80]

HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL DELEGATION TO HUNGARY--Pyongyang October 2--A hydrometeorological delegation of our country headed by Paek Ok-hyon left Pyongyang on October 1 by air to attend the 8th meeting of the Directors of Hydrometeorological Bureaus of Socialist Countries to be held in Hungary. [Text] [SK020708 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2201 GMT 1 Oct 80 SK]

ENVOY TO BOTSWANA -Pyongyang October 2--Q.K.J. Masire, president of Botswana, met DPRK ambassador to his country Chae Hwa-sop on September 25, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed friendly regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president. The president expressed deep thanks for the friendly greetings and asked the ambassador to convey his friendly greetings to the great leader. The president hoped for the peaceful reunification of Korea. The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2206 GMT 1 Oct 80 SK]



ENVOY TO ST. LUCIA--Pyongyang October 2--Prime Minister of St. Lucia Alan Loulay recently met DPRK Ambassador to his country Yi Chun-ok, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-sung to the Prime Minister. The Prime Minister expressed deep thanks for the cordial regards and asked the ambassador to convey his warm greetings to the great leader. The prime minister heartily wished the great leader good health and a long life for the happiness of the Korean people and the reunification of Korea. He expressed the belief that the relations between the two countries would grow stronger. He expressed regret at the fact that a large number of people are being murdered in South Korea and Korea has yet been reunified and said that St. Lucia expresses support to the struggle of the Korean people for the reunification of the country and hopes for the early reunification of Korea. The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2208 GMT 1 Oct 80 SK]

DPRK-NICARAGUA CULTURAL AGREEMENT--Pyongyang October 2 (KCNA)--An agreement on cultural cooperation between the government of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and the government of the National Reconstruction of the Republic of Nicaragua was concluded in Managua on September 24, according to a report. The agreement was signed by the DPRK ambassador to Nicaragua on our side and the foreign minister of Nicaragua on the opposite side. [Text] [SK020437 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0336 GMT 2 Oct 80]

DPRK-KUWAIT CULTURAL AGREEMENT--Pyongyang October 2 (KCNA)--An agreement on cultural cooperation between the governments of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and the state of Kuwait was signed in the capital of Kuwait on September 23, according to a report. The agreement was signed by the DPRK ambassador to Iraq and the General Secretary of the National Council of Culture, Art and Literature of the State of Kuwait. [Text] [SK020441 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 2 Oct 80]

CSO: 4120

MALAYSIA WANTS DPRK'S IRON, STEEL, CEMENT, HYDROELECTRIC EXPERTISE

Kuala Lumpur BUSINESS TIMES in English 27 Aug 80 pp 1, 20

[Text]

NORTH Korea has expressed keen interest in supplying iron and steel products and cement to Malaysia. It has also offered to provide expertise in the building of hydroelectric power stations.

The offer was made during discussions between North Korea Vice-Premier Mr Kim Gyeong Ryon and senior officials of Pemas Trading Sdn. Bhd.

However, the North Korean visitors were also interested in buying more rubber, palm oil and timber from Malaysia, said Encik Annuar bin Datuk Sunoff, executive director of Pemas Trading.

North Korea's major imports from Malaysia so far have been rubber, of which about 10,000 tons were purchased recently, and palm oil. But the potential is greater because North Korean industries presently absorb 80,000 to 90,000 tons of rubber a year and this is expected to double by 1984.

Encik Annuar said that talks between Pemas Trading and senior officials from the North Korean Embassy began last year, but were in-

terrupted this year as a result of the trade agreement signed by Deputy Prime Minister Datuk Seri Dr Mahathir Mohamed in Pyongyang last June.

Before the agreement, Malaysia's trade with North Korea was negligible. In 1978, total trade amounted to \$4.5 million, which is 0.019 per cent of Malaysia's world trade.

Malaysia exported \$2.3 million worth of goods to

North Korea and imported \$4.1 million worth in return, mainly iron and steel ingots, lead and zinc, chemicals and un-milled maize. Total trade between the two countries reached its highest level in 1978 amounting to \$16.5 million.

Encik Annuar hoped the agreement could help improve bilateral trade between the two countries and in this respect, Pemas Trading has a special role to play.

As a government trading organisation, Pemas Trading would, under the agreement, deal directly and exclusively with North Korea, regarding primary items such as steel and cement products, he added.

"As far as steel from

North Korea is concerned, we have bought very little because we follow the British standards. As North Korean steel bars adopt neither British nor American standards, it is not very competitive. Moreover, as most of the imported steel products are for government projects, they must conform to British standards," explained Encik Annuar.

But he added Pemas Trading would explore the possibility of selling North Korean steel bars to the private sector particularly housing developers as they are exempted from such requirements.

In the case of cement, he said that as Malaysia is presently not facing any shortage of the product, "there is limited scope for us to buy their cement."

"But their price of \$4.50 per bag of cement including transport costs, is considered very cheap, way below our selling price of \$8.20 per bag," said Encik Annuar, adding that this factor could be crucial in future talks should there be any short supply of cement.

North Korea is also keen to sell Malaysia more non-ferrous metals, farm implements, fertilisers, chemicals and food items but Encik Annuar said it is too early to determine whether the products have market potential in Malaysia.

"The North Koreans are very much interested in the area of hydro-electricity and the National Electricity Board (NEB) has kept in touch with them to look into this prospect," he said.

He said that North Korean expertise in hydroelectricity has developed to a very advanced stage because hydro power is widely used in that mountainous country.

He added that North Korea could help the NEB to meet energy requirements in Malaysia especially in the use of mini-hydro stations.

A technical mission from the Ministry of Trade and Industry will be going to North Korea before the end of the year to study mini-hydro projects, with a view to buying equipment for installing such plants here.



## N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

### DPRK'S MINJU CHOSON SUPPORTS PDY ANTI-IMPERIALIST STRUGGLE

SK281014 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0856 GMT 28 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 28 (KCNA)—The Korean people fully support the just stand of the Government of Democratic Yemen clarified in its statement and bitterly denounce the U.S. imperialists war preparations against the Arab people including the people of Democratic Yemen.

So stresses MINJU CHOSON today in a signed commentary published in connection with the fact that the Government of Democratic Yemen recently issued a statement denouncing the United States for concluding a military agreement with Oman and stepping up war preparations in the Middle East.

The commentary, headlined "firm manifestation of anti-imperialist and independent stand," points out: the government of Democratic Yemen in its statement solemnly declared that it would discharge to the end its sacred duty to maintain peace in the Middle East and remove the sources of a war from this region.

This is a reflection of the firm stand of the government and People of Democratic Yemen against the imperialists aggression and intervention and for defending the independence and sovereignty of the country and the dignity of the nation and safeguarding peace and security in the Middle East.

It continues:

The United States is building and expanding military bases and hastening war preparations on a large scale in various areas and countries including Oman with the aim to occupy by force of arms and dominate the Indian Ocean countries and the Arab countries.

It is part of such war preparations that the United States concluded a military agreement with Oman and plans to build a military base there.

By building one more bridgehead for aggression in the Middle East the United States tries to intimidate the people of this region and stamp out their independence and sovereignty, plunder them of their natural resources and strangle the national liberation struggle of the Arab people with it as a base.

The struggle of the Democratic Yemeni People is enjoying the full support of the world progressive people for the justness of its cause, the commentary says, and goes on:

The United States must clearly realize that with its aggression and war preparations against the Arab people including the people of Democratic Yemen it is courting the strong protest and denunciation of the world people and making its position more difficult.

The United States must stop the arms buildup and the expansion of military bases in the Middle East and put an immediate end to the war preparations against the Arab people including the people of Democratic Yemen.

The people of Democratic Yemen will vigorously advance along the road they have already chosen to realise their desire for the building of a new society, not yielding to any machination of the imperialists.

END 4120

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DPRK PAPERS OBSERVE GUINEA-BISSAU NATIONAL DAY

SK241602 P. Pyongyang KCNA in English 1524 GMT 24 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 24 (KCNA)—NODONG SINMUN and MINJU CHOSON today warmly greet the 7th anniversary of the independence and the founding of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau.

NODONG SINMUN, in a signed article titled "The Road of Anti-Imperialism and Independence Covered by the People of Guinea-Bissau Over the Past Seven Years" says:

The independence of the country and the founding of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau was a precious gain won by her people through a protracted heroic armed struggle and a historic event which brought about a fundamental change in their life.

Over the past seven years since the proclamation of independence the people of Guinea-Bissau have firmly defended the gains of the revolution from the subversive activities of the domestic and foreign enemies and achieved great successes in the struggle to liquidate the consequences of the colonial rule and build an independent national economy, the article notes, and continues:

Adhering to the principle of non-alignment, the government and people of Guinea-Bissau are developing the relations of friendship and cooperation with other countries and struggling against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for the complete liberation of the African continent.

The Korean people are sincerely rejoiced over all the achievements made by the people of Guinea-Bissau and express firm solidarity with their just struggle.

The friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of Korea and Guinea-Bissau are growing stronger and developing day by day in the common struggle against imperialism and for independence.

In particular, the visit of President of the Council of State of Guinea-Bissau Luis Cabral to our country in November, 1979, was an event of weighty significance in developing and strengthening the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries.

The Korean people will make every effort in the future, too, to develop the friendly and cooperative relations with the people of Guinea-Bissau.

A signed article of MINJU CHOSON titled "The People of Guinea-Bissau Greeting the 7th Anniversary of the Proclamation of the Republic" says: The Korean people wholeheartedly wish the people of Guinea-Bissau great success in the struggle for building a new, independent society.

CSO: 4120

PAPERS OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDING OF MOZAMBIQUE ARMY

SK251539 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1526 GMT 25 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 25 (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN and MINJU CHOSON today dedicate articles to the 16th anniversary of the founding of the Liberation Peoples Forces of Mozambique.

A signed article of NODONG SINMUN says: The start of the first armed struggle on September 25, 1964, under the leadership of the FRELIMO was an epochal event which opened a new stage in the anti-imperialist national-liberation struggle of the Mozambican people and a proclamation of the birth of their genuine armed forces.

Pointing out that the Mozambican people and the Liberation Peoples Forces have achieved national independence in June 1975 through their relentless struggle against the colonialists, it continues:

After the independence, the Mozambican people under the leadership of President Samora Moises Machel carried out the historic task of building a party and peoples government, making a big stride forward in liquidating the leftovers of the old colonial rule and building a new, independent society.

Today the Mozambican people and fighters of the Liberation Peoples Forces are energetically striving to realise the program of socialist construction set forth at the Third Congress of the FRELIMO and achieve the complete liberation of Africa, determinedly frustrating the ceaseless aggressive and subversive manoeuvres of the imperialists and racists.

The Korean people are sincerely rejoiced as over their own over the successes made by the Mozambican people and men and officers of the Liberation Peoples Forces in the struggle for defending the national independence and national sovereignty.

The friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries and two peoples are constantly developing favourably through the common struggle for sovereignty, independence and socialism.

The visit to Korea by President Samora Moises Machel in May 1978 marked an epochal occasion in developing the relations of fraternal friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

The Korean people will in the future, too, make all efforts to develop the friendly and cooperative relations with the Mozambican people.

A signed article of MINJU CHOSON says that the Korean people sincerely wish the Mozambican people greater success in the future struggle for building a new independent country.

CSO: / 120

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DAILIES OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY OF NIGERIAN INDEPENDENCE

SK011538 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1522 GMT 1 Oct 80

[Text] Pyongyang October 1 (KCNA)--Dailies here today dedicate articles to the 20th anniversary of the independence of Nigeria.

A signed article of NODONG SINMUN says:

There opened a road of social progress and building of a new life for the Nigerian people with the chains of imperialism and colonialism broken and the independence of the country won on October 1, 1960.

It goes on:

The Nigerian people dealt blows to the imperialists and colonialists through repeated struggles for gaining national independence and sovereignty, the imperialists were driven out of this country at last by the struggle of the Nigerian people that grew fiercer day by day.

Today the Nigerian people are registering successes in their endeavours to develop the national economy with their own efforts and resources.

Our people congratulate Nigerian people on their successes in the struggle for building a new life.

The Korean and Nigerian peoples established bonds of friendship long ago, though they are far away from each other with continents and oceans in between.

Believing that the relations of friendship and cooperation with the Nigerian people will develop more favourably in the future, the Korean people wish them success in their endeavours for building a new life.

A signed article of MINJU CHOSON says:

The Korean people believe that the friendly and cooperative relations between the two peoples will, in the future, too, as in the past, grow stronger and develop in conformity with the principle and mutual interests of the non-aligned movement.



N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DPRK PAPERS MARK YEMEN ARAB REPUBLIC NATIONAL DAY

SK261529 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1514 GMT 26 Sep 80

[Text] Pyongyang September 26 (KCNA)--Papers here today carry articles observing the 18th anniversary of the victory of the revolution in the Yemen Arab Republic.

A signed article of NODONG SINMUN says that the victory of the revolution in the Yemen Arab Republic was a historic event which opened a road of a new worthwhile life to her people.

Noting that today the people of the Yemen Arab Republic under the leadership of President Ali Abdullah Saleh are exerting great efforts to do away with the backwardness of the economy and develop the national economy and have registered big successes in their endeavours, the article says:

Pursuing the independent external policy based on the principle of non-alignment, the government of the Yemen Arab Republic opposes imperialism and Zionism and fully supports the struggle of the Palestinian and other Arab peoples.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice at the success made by the people of the Yemen Arab Republic in the building of a new society.

The Korean people hope from the bottom of their heart that the friendly people of the Yemen Arab Republic will achieve greater successes in their future struggle for the development and prosperity of the country.

A signed article of MINJU CHOSON says that the Korean people who value the friendship with the people of the Yemen Arab Republic will strive to develop the cooperative relations between the two countries in the future, too.

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